



FPQC - MPC8560 implementation

This course covers PowerQUICC III devices, including MPC8560

Objectives

- The course details the internal data path, particularly the Ocean crossbar that interconnects e500, RapidIO, DDR SDRAM, PCI and external bus.
- Cache coherency protocol is introduced in increasing depth.
- The course describes both hardware and software implementation of gigabit Ethernet controllers.
- The MCC superchanneling is examined.
- The ATM traffic shaper is viewed in detail.
- A long introduction to DDR SDRAM operation is done before studying the DDR SDRAM controller.
- An in-depth description of the RapidIO port and the PCI-X port is performed.

- This course has been delivered several times to companies developing telecom infrastructure equipments.
- ACSYS has developed an optimized SPE based FFT coded in assembler language.
- Performance for 1024 complex floating point single precision samples is:
 - - 91_386 core clock cycles without reverse ordering, 94_124 with reverse ordering
- Performance for 4096 complex floating point single precision samples is:
 - - 470_778 core clock cycles without reverse ordering, 511_227 with reverse ordering
 - for any information contact formation@ac6-formation.com

A lot of programming examples have been developed by ACSYS to explain the boot sequence and the operation of complex peripherals, such as Gigabit Ethernet.

- They have been developed with Diab Data compiler and are executed with Lauterbach Trace32 debugger.
- A more detailed course description is available on request at formation@ac6-formation.com

Prerequisites and related courses

- Experience of a 32 bit processor or DSP is mandatory.
- The knowledge of the following interconnect standards may be required:
 - RapidIO see our course reference [IC5 - RapidIO 3.0course](#)
 - PCI-X, see our course reference [IC3 - PCI-X 2.0course](#)
 - Gigabit Ethernet, see our course reference [N1 - Ethernet and switchingcourse](#)

Course Environment

- Theoretical course
 - PDF course material (in English) supplemented by a printed version for face-to-face courses.
 - Online courses are dispensed using the Teams video-conferencing system.
 - The trainer answers trainees' questions during the training and provide technical and pedagogical assistance.
- At the start of each session the trainer will interact with the trainees to ensure the course fits their expectations and correct if needed

Target Audience

- Any embedded systems engineer or technician with the above prerequisites.

Course Outline

INTRODUCTION TO THE MPC8560

- Internal data path, OCEAN switch fabric, packet reordering
- Address map, ATMU
- Local vs external address spaces, inbound and outbound address decoding
- Accessing CCSR memory from external master

THE e500 CORE

- The instruction pipeline
- Dynamic branch prediction
- The first level MMU and the second level MMU
- Process protection
- The L1 caches
- Level 2 cache
- e500 coherency module
- Load store unit, data buffering between LSU and CCB
- Signal Processing APU (SPU)
- PowerPC EABI
- Book E exception handling
- Power management
- JTAG emulation

RESET, CLOCKING AND INITIALIZATION

- Platform clock
- Power-on reset sequence, use of the I2C interface to access serial ROM
- Boot page translation

THE DDR-SDRAM CONTROLLER

- DDR-SDRAM operation : a 128-Mbits DDR-SDRAM from Micron is used as an example
- Jedec specification basics, mode register initialization, bank selection and precharge
- Command truth table
- Bank activation, read, write and precharge timing diagrams, page mode
- DDR-SDRAM controller introduction
- Initial configuration following Power-on-Reset
- Address decode
- Timing parameters programming
- Initialization routine

LOCAL BUS CONTROLLER

- Multiplexed 32-bit address and data transfers
- Burst support
- Dynamic bus sizing
- GPCM, UPMs and SDR SDRAM states machines

RapidIO INTERFACE UNIT

- 8-pin parallel interface, LVDS signalling
- Packet pacing support at the physical layer

- Atomic operations
- RapidIO compliant message unit

PCI/PCI-X FUNCTIONAL UNITS

- Data flows : Read prefetch and write posting FIFOs
- Inbound transactions handling, outbound transactions handling in both modes
- Support of multiple split transactions in PCI-X mode
- PCI-to-memory and memory-to-PCI streaming

LOW SPEED PERIPHERALS

- Programmable Interrupt Controller
- Interrupt nesting
- Description of the 4 timers / counters
- Message interrupts
- I2C controller

THE THREE-SPEED ETHERNET CONTROLLERS TSECs

- Physical interfaces : GMII, MII, TBI or RGMII
- Buffer descriptor management
- Layer 2 acceleration accept or reject on address or pattern match
- 256-entry hash table for unicast and multicast
- Direct queuing of four flows

INTEGRATED DMA CONTROLLER

- Priority between the 4 channels
- Scatter / gathering
- Selectable hardware enforced coherency

INTRODUCTION TO CPM

- CP operation : peripheral prioritization
- Command register
- DPRAM organization
- IDMA vs SDMA

THE SERIAL INTERFACE

- NMSI versus TDM
- MCC connection to SI
- Baud rate generators
- Communication initialization sequence
- Buffer descriptor ring allocation in DPRAM
- Buffer chaining

THE MULTI CHANNEL CONTROLLERS

- DPRAM organization
- Time slot vs logic channel
- Super channels
- HDLC channel parameters
- Interrupt queues

THE SERIAL COMMUNICATION CONTROLLERS

- Data encoding /decoding selection
- Hardware flow management
- HDLC on SCC
- Ethernet on SCC : address recognition, hash table programming

FAST ETHERNET CONTROLLER

- 802.3u basics
- MII interface
- Hash tables utility
- Parameter RAM description

ATM BASICS

- ATM benefit compared to X.25 or ISDN
- UNI and NNI network interfaces
- Cell format
- Virtual connection
- Layer model
- AAL1 layer : circuit emulation
- AAL3/4 : used by the service providers
- AAL5 : packet transfer
- Connection establishment

ATM TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

- The 5 service classes defined by the ATM forum : CBR, VBRrt, VBRnrt, UBR, ABR
- The QoS ATM attributes : PCR/CDVT, CLR, CTD/CDV
- Traffic policy
- Traffic shaping

THE MPC826X ATM CONTROLLER

- Utopia 2 hardware interface : multi-PHY control
- APC unit : schedule tables, GCRA algorithm for VBR traffic
- VCI/VPI of incoming cells lookup
- Performance monitoring
- ATM controller parameter RAM description
- RxBD and TxBD format according to the adaptation layer
- Interrupts queue