



## D1 - Embedded Linux with Buildroot and Yocto

*Building and installing an embedded and real-time Linux platform*

### Objectives

- Understanding the architecture of the Linux system
- Create and use a cross-development toolchain
- Learn how to install Linux on your hardware and create a BSP
- Explore the Linux system architecture
  - Booting Linux
  - Initializing the system
- Install existing packages on the target
- Learn how to install Linux on flash chips

Some labs are conducted using the System Workbench for LinuxIDE.

### Course environment

- Printed course material (in English)
- One Linux PC for two trainees.
- One target platform for two trainees

### Prerequisite

- Good C programming skills
- Knowledge of Linux user programming (see our D0 - Linux user mode programmingcourse)
- Preferably knowledge of Linux kernel and driver programming (see our D3 - Linux Driverscourse)

### Target Audience

- Any embedded systems engineer or technician with the above prerequisites.

## Course Outline

### FIRST DAY

#### Linux overview

- Linux
  - History
  - Version management
- Linux architecture and modularity
- Linux system components
- The various licenses used by Linux (GPL, LGPL, etc)

#### Cross compiling toolchains

- Pre-compiled toolchains
- Toolchain generation tools
  - Crosstool-ng

- Buildroot
  - Manual toolchain compilation
- Exercise:** Creating a toolchain with Crosstool-ng

## Linux tools for embedded systems

- Bootloaders (UBoot, Redboot, barebox)
- C libraries (glibc, eglibc, uClibc)
- Embedded GUIs
- Busybox
- Embedded distributions

## The U-Boot boot loader

- Introduction to U-Boot
- Booting the board through U-Boot
  - Booting from NOR
  - Booting from NAND
  - Booting from eMMC
- U-Boot environment variables
  - User-defined variables
  - Predefined variables
  - Variables substitution
- The U-Boot minimal shell
  - Writing scripts in variables
  - Executing scripts
  - Using variables in scripts: the set-script pattern
- U-Boot main commands
  - Booting an OS
  - Accessing flash chips
  - Accessing file systems (NFS, FAT, EXT<sub>x</sub>, JFFS2&)
- The full U-Boot shell
  - Script structure
  - Control flow instructions (if, for&)

**Exercise:** Booting the board on NFS, using pre-existing images

# SECOND DAY

## Creating the embedded Linux kernel

- Downloading stable source code
  - Getting a tarball
  - Using GIT
- Configuring the kernel
- Compiling the kernel and its modules
  - Modules delivered in-tree
  - Out-of-tree modules
- Installing the kernel and the modules

**Exercise:** Configuring and compiling a target kernel for the target board

## The Linux BSP

- Linux BSP architecture
  - Overall structure
  - The ARM BSP
  - The Linux build system
- Linux device drivers

- Defining and initializing the board
  - Plug and Play buses
  - Using the Flattened Device Tree

**Exercise:** Create a minimal BSP for the target board, editing the device tree.

## Creating a root file system

- Packages
  - Various package build systems (autotools, CMake, &)
  - Cross-compiling a package
- The all-in-one applications
  - Busybox, the basic utilities
  - Dropbear: encrypted communications (ssh)
- Manually building your root file system
  - Device nodes, programs and libraries
  - Configuration files (network, udev, &)
  - Installing modules
  - Looking for and installing the needed libraries
  - Testing file system consistency and completeness

**Exercise:** Configuring and compiling Busybox and Dropbear

**Exercise:** Creating a minimal root file system using busybox and dropbear

## The Linux Boot

- Linux kernel parameters
- The Linux startup sequence
- Various initialization systems
  - busybox init
  - system V init
  - systemd
- Automatically starting an embedded system

**Exercise:** Boot Linux automatically starting a user application

# THIRD DAY

## Embedded file systems

- Storage interfaces
  - Block devices
  - MTD
- Flash memories and Linux MTDs
  - NOR flashes
  - NAND flashes
  - ONENAND flashes
- The various flash file system formats
  - JFFS2, YAFFS2, UBIFS
- Read-only file system
  - CRAMFS, SQUASHFS
- Standard Linux file systems
  - Ext2/3/4, FAT, NFS
- Ramdisks and initrd
  - Creating an initramfs
  - Booting through an initramfs
- Choosing the right file system formats
- Flashing the file system

**Exercise:** Building an initrd root file system

## Buildroot

- Operation
  - Toolchain configuration
  - Package selection
  - System configuration (serial port, filling /dev, &)
  - Kernel and bootloader configuration
  - Building File system image
- Customization
  - Using a pre-built toolchain
  - Adding a patch to an existing package
  - Adding a new package
  - Using a custom rootfs skeleton

**Exercise:** Building a root file system using Buildroot

**Exercise:** Add a package to the root file system using Buildroot

## FOURTH DAY

### Introduction to Yocto

- Overview of Yocto
  - History
  - Yocto, Open Embedded and Poky
  - Purpose of the Yocto project
  - The main projects
- Yocto architecture
  - Overview
  - Recipes and classes
  - Tasks

**Exercise:** Building a root file system using Yocto

### The Yocto build system

- Build system objectives
  - Building deployable images

**Exercise:** Building a root file system using Yocto

- Layers and layer priorities
- Directory layout
- Configuration files (local, machine and distribution)
- The bitbake tool
  - Common options
- Using Yocto
  - Building a package
  - Building an image (root file system + u-boot + kernel)

**Exercise:** Use bitbake commands to build package & images

### Yocto package recipes structure

- Recipe architecture
  - Tasks
  - Task dependencies
  - Recipe dependencies
- The bitbake language
  - Standard variables and functions
  - Classes and recipes
  - The base Yocto classes

- Main bitbake commands
- Adding a new layer
  - Layer structure
  - Various kinds of layers

**Exercise:** Adding a new layer

**Exercise:** Adding a new recipe

## ANNEXES

### Real-time Linux

- real-time solutions for Linux
  - xenomai
  - real-time patch
- xenomai architecture
  - co-kernel
  - skins
  - RTDM drivers
- install
  - installing xenomai
  - cross-compiling a xenomai application

**Exercise:** installing Xenomai 3.x

**Exercise:** measuring latencies

**Exercise:** cross-compiling a xenomai application

### The U-Boot BSP

- Building and installing U-Boot
- Porting U-Boot
  - U-Boot source structure
  - Adding a new board to U-Boot sources
  - U-Boot drivers (RS232, network, flash, SD/MMC)
  - U-Boot startup and board initialization

**Exercise:** Creating a board support package in U-Boot and setup of initialization code

**Exercise:** Looking at a first-load program