



MV3 - MARVELL MV64660 implementation

This course covers Marvell Discovery VI devices

Objectives

- The course describes the MV64660 internal data paths.
- The course explains how the host PowerPC and a CPU connected to PCI-X can synchronize to each other through the message unit.
- Operation of the PCI Express interface is detailed in Root Complex mode as well as in Endpoint mode.
- A long introduction to DDR SDRAM is done prior to describe the DDR SDRAM controller operation.
- The course focuses on the hardware implementation of the DDR SDRAM.
- The training explains how to implement chained DMA transfers, by using either IDMA channels or XOR engines.
- The course highlights the possible optimizations that can be implemented to boost the performance of the Ethernet controller.

A more detailed course description is available on request at formation@ac6-formation.com

Pre-requisites

- Knowledge of PowerPC 60X / MPX bus. See our courses on NXP and IBM Microelectronics PowerPCs.

Related courses

- Ethernet and switching, reference [N1 - Ethernet and switching](#) course
- PCI express, reference [IC4 - PCI Express 3.0](#) course
- USB Full Speed High Speed, reference [IP2 - USB 2.0](#) course
- Serial-ATA, reference [IS3 - Serial ATA III](#) course

Course Environment

- Theoretical course
 - PDF course material (in English) supplemented by a printed version for face-to-face courses.
 - Online courses are dispensed using the Teams video-conferencing system.
 - The trainer answers trainees' questions during the training and provide technical and pedagogical assistance.
- At the start of each session the trainer will interact with the trainees to ensure the course fits their expectations and correct if needed

Target Audience

- Any embedded systems engineer or technician with the above prerequisites.

Evaluation modalities

- The prerequisites indicated above are assessed before the training by the technical supervision of the trainee in his company, or by the trainee himself in the exceptional case of an individual trainee.
- Trainee progress is assessed by quizzes offered at the end of various sections to verify that the trainees have assimilated the points presented
- At the end of the training, each trainee receives a certificate attesting that they have successfully completed the course.
 - In the event of a problem, discovered during the course, due to a lack of prerequisites by the trainee a different or additional training is offered to them, generally to reinforce their prerequisites, in agreement with their company manager if applicable.

Plan

OVERVIEW

- 6-bus architecture, organization of a board based on MV64660
- Frequency domains, fast path between CPU and SRAM / SDRAM
- Data integrity checking
- Internal crossbar
- Master de-mux programming, address decode windows
- Slave mux programming, pizza arbiters operation

CPU INTERFACE

- CPU address space decoding
- CPU-to-PCI address remapping
- Protection windows
- Arbitration, multi-processor operation
- CPU slave operation
- Cache coherency
- Deadlock avoidance
- Transaction ordering
- Hardware implementation, clocking, low power modes

DDR2 INTERFACE

- Introduction to DDR SDRAM from Jedec specification
- DDR2 on-die terminations
- Clocking
- Initialization sequence
- Data synchronization : DQS signals, programmable DLL
- DDR2 SDRAM controller, functional description
- Page management
- Read and write transactions
- ECC and read-modify-write transactions
- Hardware implementation, ODT management (internal and external)
- Low power modes

DEVICE CONTROLLER

- Transaction queue, read and write data buffers
- Address and data multiplexing
- Timing parameters
- External acknowledgement
- Pack / unpack and burst support
- NAND flash support, boot from NAND flash

PCI INTERFACE

- PCI bus arbitration
- Master operation in PCI and PCI-X mode
- Target operation in PCI and PCI-X mode
- PCI-to-PCI configuration transactions
- Address decoding

PCI-EXPRESS x4 AND x1 INTERFACES

- Integrated low power SERDES PHY
- x1, x4 link

- Operating as either Root Complex or Endpoint
- Link initialization
- Arbitration and ordering
- Peer-to-peer traffic
- Messaging unit, synchronization between CPUs through PCI/PCI-Express

GENERAL PURPOSE INPUT/ OUTPUT PINS

- GPIO port, functional description
- Interrupt request inputs
- Multi Purpose Pin multiplexing

INTERRUPT CONTROLLERS AND TIMERS

- Watchdog timer
- Interrupt controller functional description
- Interrupt steering logic to 4 possible output pins
- Priority mechanism

TWSI CONTROLLER AND RESET

- Master and slave operation, 7- or 10-bit addressing
- Determining the current state of the controller by reading the status register
- Master write sequence, master read sequence
- Slave write sequence, slave read sequence
- Reset pins and configuration
- Utilization of the boot sequencer
- Requirement for an external Central Resource CPLD

IDMA CHANNELS

- IDMA address decoding
- Target unit and attributes programming
- Functional description, external control
- Normal mode vs chained mode
- Transfer descriptors, descriptor ownership
- Channel activation
- DMA interrupts

XOR ENGINES

- State machine : Active, Inactive and Paused states
- XOR, CRC and DMA operation modes, format of transfer descriptors
- XOR operation mode
- CRC32 operation mode
- DMA operation mode
- Memory Initialization operation mode
- ECC error cleanup operation mode
- Arbitration between XOR engine0 and XOR engine1
- Address override capability
- XOR Engines interrupts

16550 COMPATIBLE UARTs

- FIFO mode
- Flow control
- Transmit sequence
- Receive sequence

USB2.0 PORTS

- Address decoding
- Integrated PHY
- USB host operation, EHCI specification support
- USB device operation, Endpoint configuration
- Dedicated DMA for data movement between memory and port

SATA-II INTERFACE

- Integrated PHY, 3.0 or 1.5 Gbps bit rate
- EDMA request and response queues
- Studying the sequence that the software must implement to perform a PIO transfer
- Studying the sequence that the software must implement to perform a DMA transfer
- Queued DMA
- Interrupt coalescing
- Port multiplier support

GIGABIT ETHERNET CONTROLLERS

- SGMII support
- Dedicated DMA
- Related interrupts
- Transmit weighted round-robin arbitration
- Backpressure mode
- Transmit and receive sequences
- Management interface
- MIB

CRYPTOGRAPHIC ENGINE AND SECURITY ACCELERATORS

- Cryptographic engine functional description
- Involved units : CPU, dedicated SRAM and security accelerator
- Authentication
- Encryption and decryption, supported algorithms
- TDMA controller, attaching TDMA to security accelerator
- Multi-packet chained mode
- DES encryption / decryption sequence, pipelining

Renseignements pratiques

Duration : 5 days
Cost : 2100 € HT