



FPQ7 - MPC832XE implementation

This course covers PowerQUICC II Pro MPC8321, MPC8321E, MPC8323 and MPC8323E

Objectives

- The course clarifies the architecture of the MPC832XE and MPC8323E, particularly the operation of the coherency module that interconnects the e300 to memory and high-speed interfaces.
- Cache coherency protocol is introduced in increasing depth.
- The e300 core is viewed in detail, especially the MMU.
- The boot sequence and the clocking are explained.
- The course focuses on the hardware implementation of the MPC832XE.
- A long introduction to DDR SDRAM operation is done before studying the DDR1/2 SDRAM controller.
- Communication between CPUs through the PCI message unit is clarified.
- Interacting with the Security Engine through descriptors is studied as well as direct access to SEC registers.
- The course describes the sophisticated QoS mechanisms supported by the UCC Ethernet Controller.
- Regarding MPC8323E, a dedicated part on ATM controllers is proposed on request.
- Generation of a Linux image and Root File System by using LTIB can also be included into the training.

A more detailed course description is available on request at info@ac6-training.com

Prerequisites and related courses

- The knowledge of the following interconnect standards may be required:
 - PCI, see our course reference [IC1](#)
 - Gigabit Ethernet, see our course reference [N1](#)
 - USB 2.0, see our course reference [IP2](#)

Plan

INTRODUCTION TO MPC832XE

Overview

- Internal architecture
- Highlighting data paths inside the MPC832XE, benefit of a dual-DDR controller system
- Block diagram: characteristics of each of the 3 internal modules e300 core, Platform, QuiccEngine
- Software migration from MPC8XX/MPC82XX/MPC85XX families
- Application examples

e300**THE INSTRUCTION PIPELINE**

- Superscalar operation
- Branch processing unit
- Branch instructions
- Coding guidelines

DATA AND INSTRUCTION PATHS

- Load / store architecture
- Load / store buffers
- Sync and eieio instructions, determining where eieio is really required

CACHES

- Cache basics
- Cache locking
- PLRU algorithm, highlighting the difference between a True LRU and the PLRU replacement algorithms
- Shared resource management, lwarx and stwcx. instructions
- Cache coherency mechanism, snooping
- Memory coherency required attribute
- The MEI state machine
- Basic snoop requests: clean / flush / kill
- Management of cache enabled pages shared with PCI DMAs
- Cache related instructions
- Software enforced cache coherency

SOFTWARE IMPLEMENTATION

- PowerPC architecture specification, the 3 books UISA, VEA and OEA
- addressing modes, load / store instructions
- Integer instructions
- Rotate instructions
- PowerPC EABI
- Linking an application with Diab Data, parameterizing the linker command file

THE MMU

- Thread vs process
- Introduction to real, block and segmentation / pagination translations
- Real mode restrictions
- Memory attributes and access rights definition
- Virtual space benefit
- TLBs organization
- Segment-translation: process ID definition
- Page-translation
- MMU implementation in real-time sensitive applications

THE EXCEPTION MECHANISM

- Supervisor registers description
- Save / restore registers for non-critical interrupts
- Critical interrupt, automatic nesting

- Exception management mechanism
- Requirements to allow exception nesting

THE DEBUG PORT

- JTAG emulation, restrictions
- Code instrumentation
- Hardware breakpoints

THE PLATFORM CONFIGURATION

POWER, RESET AND CLOCKING

- DC and AC electrical characteristics
- Configuration signals sampled at reset
- Reset configuration words source
- Utilization of the I2C boot sequencer
- PCI Host / Agent configuration
- Boot memory space
- Clocking in PCI Host mode, system clock domains
- External clock inputs
- System PLL ratio

PLATFORM CONFIGURATION

- Address translation and mapping, local memory map, local access windows
- Arbiter and bus monitor
- Sequencer
- General purpose inputs / outputs
- Timers

THE DDR2 MEMORY CONTROLLER

- DDR-SDRAM operation: a 128-Mbits DDR-SDRAM from Micron is used as an example
- Jedec specification basics, mode register initialization, bank selection and precharge
- On-Die termination and calibration
- Differences between DDR1 and DDR2
- Command truth table
- Bank activation, read, write and precharge timing diagrams, page mode
- DDR-SDRAM controller overview
- Initial configuration following Power-on-Reset
- Address decode
- Timing parameters programming
- Initialization routine

LOCAL BUS CONTROLLER

- Multiplexed or non-multiplexed address and data buses
- Burst support
- Dynamic bus sizing
- GPCM, UPMs states machines
- Interfacing to ZBT SRAMs

PCI BUS INTERFACES

- Bridge features

- Read prefetch and write posting FIFOs
- Inbound transactions handling, Outbound transactions handling in both modes
- PCI bus arbitration
- PCI hierarchy configuration when operating as host

INTEGRATED DMA CONTROLLER

- Priority between the 4 channels
- Scatter / gathering
- Selectable hardware enforced coherency
- Concurrent execution across multiple channels with programmable bandwidth control
- Messaging unit

INTEGRATED PROGRAMMABLE INTERRUPT CONTROLLER

- Interrupt sources
- Definition of interrupt priorities
- System critical interrupt
- Interrupt management, vector register
- Requirements to support nesting
- Machine check interrupts

SECURITY ENGINE

- Introduction to DES, 3DES and AES algorithms
- Data descriptor
- Crypto channels
- Link tables
- Operation of DEU, MDEU and AESU
- Snooping by caches

LOW SPEED PERIPHERALS

- Description of the NS-52/16552 compliant Uarts
- FIFO mode
- Flow control signal management
- I2C protocol fundamentals
- Transfer timing diagrams, SCL and SDA pins
- Transmit and receive sequence

QUICC ENGINE

SYSTEM INTERFACE AND CONNECTION TO EXTERNAL COMMUNICATION PORTS

- Serial DMA
- Multi-threading
- NMSI vs TDM
- Enabling connections to TSA or NMSI
- CMX registers
- Baud-rate generators

BUFFER MANAGEMENT

- Utilization of Buffer Descriptors
- Chaining descriptors into rings
- Interrupt management

- Parameter RAM independent of protocol

SERIAL PERIPHERAL INTERFACE [On-request]

- Introduction to SPI protocol
- SPI modes of operation
- SPI buffer descriptor
- Transmit and receive sequence

UNIFIED COMMUNICATION CONTROLLERS

- UCC feature set
- Handling UCC interrupts
- Initialization sequence
- UCC for slow communications controllers, UART mode
- UCC for fast protocols, virtual FIFOs
- Defining Tx- and Rx-FIFO thresholds

UCC ETHERNET CONTROLLER

- Physical interfaces to transceiver
- Auto-negotiation
- IP header checksum
- Flow control
- Frame filtering and address recognition, high level description of parse command descriptors
- Header parsing
- Quality of Service
- Interrupt coalescing
- Ethernet scheduler, traffic shaper
- BD and Parameter RAM description
- Ethernet statistics, MIB
- Ethernet host command set

QUICC MULTI-CHANNEL CONTROLLER [On request]

- QMC and serial interface
- Memory organization
- UCC Base and Global multichannel parameters
- Channel-specific HDLC parameters
- QMC exceptions
- QMC host commands

USB [On request]

- Host controller limitations
- Packet-level interface
- Transaction-level interface
- Endpoint parameters block pointer
- USB BD ring
- Host commands

THE ATM CONTROLLER [On request, MPC8323E only]

ATM BASICS

- ATM benefit compared to X.25 or ISDN

- Standardization and related links
- UNI and NNI network interfaces
- Cell format
- Virtual connection
- Layer model
- AAL1 layer: circuit emulation
- AAL3/4: used by the service providers
- AAL5: packet transfer

ATM TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

- The 5 service classes defined by the ATM forum: CBR, VBRrt, VBRnrt, UBR, ABR
- The QoS ATM attributes: PCR/CDVT, CLR, CTD/CDV
- Traffic policy
- Traffic shaping
- Early packet discard

UTOPIA L2 BUS CONTROLLER

- Connection to 1 device through one UL2 Standard bus I/F
- Cell level handshake support
- Internal rate features
- Tx scheduling
- Rx cell transfer

THE UCC ATM CONTROLLER

- Introduction: the adaptation layers and the service classes supported by the UCC
- APC unit: schedule tables, GCRA algorithm for VBR traffic
- VCI/VPI of incoming cells lookup
- OAM AAL0 cells management
- Performance monitoring
- ATM/TDM interworking
- ATM controller parameter RAM description
- RxBD and TxBD format according to the adaptation layer

SERIAL ATM CONTROLLER

- Interworking between QMC and Serial ATM
- Transmit SAM features, payload scrambling
- Receive SAM features, cell delineation
- Run-time statistics
- Microcode TC Layer [MTC]

INVERSE MULTIPLEXING FOR ATM - IMA

- IMA frame, control cells, filler cells
- IMA User Plane functions
- Transmit queue operation
- Cell reception task
- low-level statistic counters

Linux Target Image Builder (LTIB)

GENERATING THE LINUX KERNEL IMAGE

- Introducing the tools required to generate the kernel image
- What is required on the host before installing LTIB
- Common package selection screen
- Common target system configuration screen
- Building a complete BSP with the default configurations
- Creating a Root Filesystems image
- e-configuring the kernel under LTIB
- Selecting user-space packages
- Setup the bootloader arguments to use the exported RFS
- Debugging Uboot and the kernel by using Trace32
- Command line options
- Adding a new package
- Other deployment methods
- Creating a new package and integrating it into LTIB
 - A lot of labs have been created to explain the usage of LTIB

Renseignements pratiques

Duration : 5 days
Cost : 2100 € HT



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