



FPQB - MPC854X implementation

This course covers PowerQUICC III MPC854X devices, including MPC8548E

Objectives

- The course details the internal data path, particularly the Ocean crossbar operation.
- Cache coherency protocol is introduced in increasing depth and the benefit of data stashing is explained.
- The e500 core is viewed in detail, especially the SPU that enables Floating point and vector processing.
- The boot sequence and clocking are explained.
- The course details the hardware implementation of the MPC854X.
- A long introduction to DDR1/2 SDRAM operation is done before studying the DDR SDRAM controller.
- An in-depth description of the RapidIO port and the PCI-X port is done.
- The PCI Express bridge implemented in the MPC8548E is also described.
- The course highlights both hardware and software implementation of gigabit / fast / Ethernet controllers, particularly the TCP/IP hardware assistance engine.

- ACSYS has developed an optimized SPE based FFT coded in assembler language.
- Performance for 1024 complex floating point single precision samples is:
 - - 91_386 core clock cycles without reverse ordering, 94_124 with reverse ordering
- Performance for 4096 complex floating point single precision samples is:
 - - 470_778 core clock cycles without reverse ordering, 511_227 with reverse ordering
 - for any information contact guillaume.peron@ac6.fr

A lot of programming examples have been developed by ACSYS to explain the boot sequence and the operation of complex peripherals, such as GigaEthernet.

-They have been developed with Diab Data compiler and are executed with Trace32 Lauterbach debugger.

A more detailed course description is available on request at info@ac6-training.com

Prerequisites and related courses

- Experience of a 32 bit processor or DSP is mandatory.
- The knowledge of the following interconnect standards may be required:
 - RapidIO see our course reference [IC5](#)
 - PCI-X, see our course reference [IC3](#)
 - Gigabit Ethernet, see our course reference [N1](#)

Plan

INTRODUCTION TO MPC854X

Overview

- Address map, ATMU, OCEAN configuration
- Local vs external address spaces, inbound and outbound address decoding
- Accessing memory-mapped registers from external master

THE e500 CORE

THE INSTRUCTION PIPELINE

- Dual-issue superscalar control, out-of-order execution, 12-entry instruction queue, 14-entry completion queue
- Execution units: 2 simple Integer Units + 1 Complex Integer Unit
- Dynamic branch prediction using a 128-set 4-way set associative Branch Target Buffer
- Execution timing, rename register operation, instruction serialization, instruction scheduling guidelines

DATA AND INSTRUCTION PATHS

- The Core Complex Bus
- Load store unit
- The LMQ, the store queue, the castout queue
- Store miss merging and store gathering

THE MEMORY MANAGEMENT UNITS

- Thread vs process
- The first level MMU and the second level MMU, consistency between L1 and L2 TLBs
- TLB software reload, page attributes WIMGE
- Process protection, variable number of PID registers and sharing
- MMU implementation in real-time sensitive applications

CACHES

- The L1 caches, PLRU replacement algorithm, 8-way set associativity, cache block and unlock APU
- Cache coherency
- Level 2 cache, partition into L2 cache plus SRAM
- Allocation of data transferred by external masters into the cache : stashing
- e500 coherency module

PROGRAMMING

- Differences between the new Book E architecture and the classic PowerPC architecture
- Floating Point units, Double-Precision FP of MPC8548E
- Signal Processing APU (SPU)
- PowerPC EABI

EXCEPTIONS

- Book E exception handling
- Critical versus non critical
- Handler table
- Syndrome registers, exception nesting, recoverability from interrupt, soft stop
- Core timers

DEBUGGING

- Performance monitoring, counting of events
- JTAG debug
- Watchpoint logic

PLATFORM OPERATION

RESET, CLOCKING AND INITIALIZATION

- Platform clock
- RapidIO transmit clock source selection
- Power-on reset sequence, using the I2C interface to access serial ROM
- Power-on reset configuration
- Boot page translation

DDR SDRAM MEMORY CONTROLLER

- DDR2 operation
- Jedec specification basics
- Hardware interface
- Bank activation, read, write and precharge timing diagrams, page mode
- ECC error correction
- Introduction to the DDR-SDRAM controller
- Initial configuration following Power-on-Reset
- Address decode
- Timing parameters programming
- Initialization routine

LOCAL BUS CONTROLLER

- Multiplexed 32-bit address and data transfers
- Burst support
- Dynamic bus sizing
- GPCM, UPMs and SDR SDRAM states machines

RapidIO INTERFACE

- Message Unit, direct vs chaining mode operation
- RapidIO doorbell and port-write unit
- Accessing configuration registers via RapidIO packets
- Programming inbound and outbound ATMUs
- Error handling

PCI EXPRESS INTERFACE

- MPC8548E 8-lane PCI Express interface
- Modes of operation, Root Complex / Endpoint
- Programming inbound and outbound ATMUs
- Configuration, initialization

PCI/PCI-X FUNCTIONAL UNITS

- Bridge features
- Read prefetch and write posting FIFOs
- Inbound transactions handling, Outbound transactions handling in both modes
- Support of multiple split transactions in PCI-X mode
- PCI-to-memory and memory-to-PCI streaming

INTEGRATED DMA CONTROLLER

- Priority between the 4 channels
- Support for cascading descriptor chains
- Scatter / gathering
- Selectable hardware enforced coherency

PERFORMANCE MONITOR AND DEBUG FEATURES

- Event counting
- Chaining, triggering
- Watchpoint facility
- Trace buffer

INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS**THE ETHERNET CONTROLLERS**

- Frame format with and without VLAN option
- Address recognition, pattern matching
- Buffer descriptors management
- The three-speed Ethernet controllers (TSECs)
- Physical interfaces : GMII, MII, TBI or RGMII
- Buffer descriptor management
- Layer 2 acceleration accept or reject on address or pattern match
- 256-entry hash table for unicast and multicast
- MPC8548E management of VLAN tags and priority, VLAN insertion and deletion
- MPC8548E quality of service, filer
- MPC8548E FIFO mode

SECURITY ENGINE

- Overview of the encryption mechanism
- Introduction to DES and 3DES algorithms
- Data packet descriptors
- Crypto channels
- Link tables

LOW SPEED PERIPHERALS

- Programmable Interrupt Controller
- Interrupt nesting
- Description of the 4 timers / counters
- Message interrupts
- Description of the NS€50/16550 compliant Uarts
- I2C protocol fundamentals
- Transmit and receive sequence

COMMUNICATION PROCESSOR MODULE (On request)**INTRODUCTION TO CPM**

- CP operation : peripheral prioritization
- Command register
- DPRAM organization
- IDMA vs SDMA

THE SERIAL INTERFACE

- NMSI versus TDM
- Supported protocols and max data rate
- Transmit and receive clock selection
- Communication initialization sequence
- Buffer descriptor ring allocation in DPRAM
- Buffer chaining

THE MULTI CHANNEL CONTROLLERS

- DPRAM organization
- Time slot vs logic channel
- HDLC channel parameters
- Interrupt queues

THE SERIAL COMMUNICATION CONTROLLERS

- Data encoding /decoding selection
- UART on SCC
- HDLC on SCC
- Ethernet on SCC

FAST ETHERNET CONTROLLER

- 802.3u basics
- MII interface
- Hash tables utility
- Parameter RAM description

ATM BASICS

- UNI and NNI network interfaces
- Cell format
- Virtual connection
- Layer model
- AAL1 layer
- AAL3/4
- AAL5
- Connection establishment

ATM TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

- The 5 service classes defined by the ATM forum : CBR, VBRrt, VBRnrt, UBR, ABR
- The QoS ATM attributes : PCR/CDVT, CLR, CTD/CDV
- Traffic policy

- Traffic shaping

THE ATM CONTROLLER

- Utopia 2 hardware interface : multi-PHY control
- APC unit
- VCI/VPI of incoming cells lookup
- OAM AAL0 cells management
- ATM/TDM interworking
- ATM controller parameter RAM description
- RxBD and TxBD format according to the adaptation layer

Renseignements pratiques

Duration : 5 days
Cost : 2100 € HT

